Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

l	Claim 1 (currently amended): A method for identifying a therapeutic agent for
2	use in treating a constitutive androstane receptor (CAR)-mediated disorder or condition that
3	involves aberrant cholesterol levels, the method comprising:
4	identifying a candidate therapeutic agent by screening one or more compounds to
5	determine whether said compounds can modulate a CAR-mediated intermolecular interaction;
6	administering the candidate therapeutic agent to a test mammal; and
7	determining whether the level of a cholesterol indicator is modulated in said test
8	mammal.
1	Claim 2 (original): The method of claim 1, wherein said candidate therapeutic
2	agent is 5ß-pregnan-3,20-dione.
1	Claim 3 (original): The method of claim 1, wherein said CAR-mediated disorder
2	or condition is selected from the group consisting of: hypercholesterolemia, lipid disorders,
3	atherosclerosis, and cardiovascular disorders.
1	Claim 4 (currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein the <u>test</u> mammal
2	is a cholesterol-elevated mammal.
l	Claim 5 (original): The method of claim 4, wherein the test mammal has a
2	disruption in both CAR alleles.
1	Claim 6 (original): The method of claim 1, wherein said cholesterol indicator is
2	the level of serum cholesterol.

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	Claim 7 (original): The method of claim 1, wherein said cholesterol indicator is
2	the level of a member selected from the group consisting of HDL cholesterol, LDL cholesterol,
3	and VLDL cholesterol.
	Claim 8 (original): The method of claim 1, wherein said cholesterol indicator is
2	the mRNA level of a gene involved in the regulation of cholesterol levels.
	Claim 9 (original): The method of claim 1, wherein said CAR-mediated
2	intermolecular interaction is CAR-mediated gene expression.
	Claims 10-32 (canceled)
l	Claim 33 (currently amended): A method for identifying a therapeutic agent for
2	use in treating a constitutive androstane receptor (CAR)-mediated disorder or condition that
3	involves aberrant cholesterol levels, the method comprising:
1	administering a compound to a CAR compromised mammal; and
5	determining whether administration of the compound results in a change in
5	cholesterol level compared to a CAR compromised mammal to which the compound is not
7	administered.
l	Claim 34 (original): The method of claim 33, wherein the method further
2	comprises administering the compound to a CAR non-compromised mammal and comparing the
3	effect on the cholesterol level indicator of administering the compound to that of administering
1	the compound to the CAR compromised mammal.
l	Claim 35 (original): The method of claim 33, wherein said cholesterol level
2	indicator is the level of serum cholesterol.

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1	Claim 36 (original): The method of claim 33, wherein said cholesterol level
2	indicator is the level of a member selected from the group consisting of HDL cholesterol, LDL
3	cholesterol, and VLDL cholesterol.
1	Claim 37 (original): The method of claim 33, wherein said cholesterol level
2	indicator is the mRNA level of a gene involved in the regulation of cholesterol levels.
1	Claim 38 (original): The method of claim 33, wherein said CAR compromised
2	mammal is a mammal having a disruption in both CAR alleles.
1	Claim 39 (original): The method of claim 38, wherein said CAR compromised
2	mammal is a mouse.
1	Claim 40 (original): The method of claim 38, wherein said disruption occurs in
2	the coding region for the DNA binding domain of CAR.
1	Claim 41 (original): The method of claim 38, wherein said disruption in a CAR
2	allele comprises an insertion at codons for amino acid positions from about amino acid 21 to
3	about amino acid 86 of CARB.

Claims 42-59 (canceled)